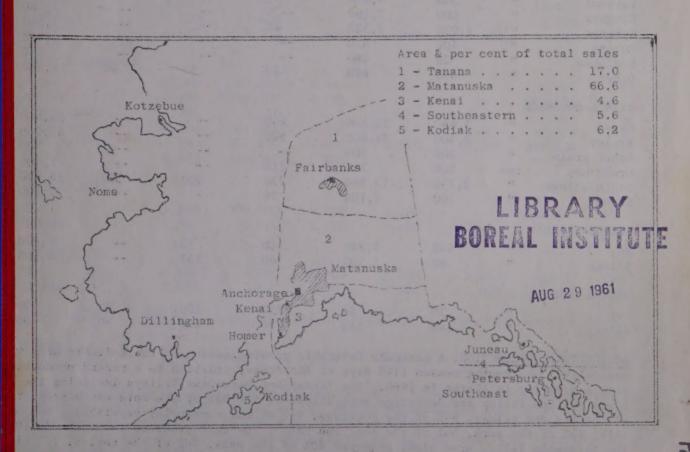
alaska PRODUCTION

Alaska Cooperative Crop Reporting Service Alaska Division of Agriculture - Alaska Experiment Station

This is the first annual report of production and value of Alaskan farm output prepared by the Agricultural Estimates Division of the United States Department of Agriculture. Annual farm production reports for the six previous years were by the Alaska Division of Agriculture and the Alaska Experiment Station. Questionnaires were mailed to all known farmers in the State and approximately two thirds of those receiving them helped by supplying basic data for the estimates. Special effort was made to obtain information about minor commodities through personal interview with all known non-reporting producers. Marketing associations and other agencies supplied much essential information, particularly on volume and value of sales.



Statistical Reporting Service

VALUE BY AREA

Commercial farm receipts Farm - home use and loss Total value of production

Tanana	Matanuska		Southeast s	Total
686,980 210,970 897,950	969,850	186,620		

Paul C. Pownall U. S. Department of Agriculture Statistician in Charge

10299

Commodity	Unit	Tanana Valley	Matahuska Susitna Valleys & Anchorage	Kenai Penins sula	Southeast Alaska	Kodiak & Others	Alaska Total
LIVESTOCK & POL	ULTRY	PRODUCTS					
Milk	cwt	22,650	157,710	2,720	15,860	1,840	200,780
Eggs	doz	94,100	215,100	143,500	72,400	4,700	529,800
Beef	lbs	37,600	155,100.	14,000	25,600	124,900	357,200
- Pork	. !!	14,900	126,800	4,400		5,000	151,100
Lamb & mutton	11		400	800		11,000	12,200
Poultry meat	11	7,700	16,200	24,800	5,800	600	55,100
Reindeer meat	e H		in			450,000	450,000
Woo1	11		400	2,400	-	122,000	124,800
COMMERCIAL VEGI	ETABLE	S			·		49: 80
	cwt	47,000	76,640	7,360	200	200	131,400
Lettuce	11	200	6,020			A	6,220
Carrots	11	400	7,160				7,560
Cabbage	11	1,020	2,520	40			3,580
Celery	11	400	620				1,020
Radishes	11	20	460				480
Other	11	440	690	80	30	40	1,280
GRAIN & ROUGHAO	GE						
Oats	11	3,660	21,100	640			25,400
Barley	11	8,300	32,600	900			41,800
Other grain	11	300	200				500
Grain hay	ton	500	790	110			1,400
Grain silage	11	2,750	13,860	730		360	18,000
Straw	- 11	100	1,100	20			1,200
SEEDED GRASS				¥.,			
Hay	11	540	5,280	110	70		6,000
Silage	11	80	3,500	300			4,100
NATIVE GRASS							
Hay	11	70	50	250	100	30	500
Silage	11	140	130	50		50	600
Dilage		140	130	30	230	30	000

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION: A generally favorable growing season in the Railbelt area valuable long growing season (140 days at Anchorage) resulted in a record production oats and barley in Alaska in 1960. The Tanana and Matanuska Valleys including the lower Susitna Valley and Anchorage area accounted for 98% of the oats and barley, of the hay and silage, 94% of the potatoes, 99% of the commercial vegetables, 90% milk, 94% of the pork, 54% of the beef and 58% of the eggs produced in Alaska in 15 The Matanuska Valley area alone produced 83% of the oats, 78% of the barley, 77% of hay and silage, 58% of the potatoes, 87% of the commercial vegetables, 79% of the 84% of the pork, 43% of the beef and 41% of the eggs on the Alaska farms in 1960. Kenai Peninsula produced 27% of the eggs and 6% of the potatoes but was of little wide importance for the other crops and for livestock products. Southeast Alaska accounted for 14% of the eggs, 11% of the poultry meat, 8% of the milk and 7% of the produced in Alaska but was relatively unimportant for other agricultural products. Kodiak and other islands of the southwest produced 98% of the wool and 35% of the the State.

The 1960 State production exceeded that of 1959 by 19% for milk, 10% for wool, 22% potatoes, 15% for commercial vegetables, 59% for oats and 45% for barley. These i were partially offset by small decreases in all other livestock and poultry produc

Commodity

Tanana

Matanuska

Southeast

Kodiak

Total

% of Total

Kenai

d 10 0 0 0 y 111 001	Dollars		Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	%
LIVESTOCK & POU	LTRY PRODU	UCTS	* 14.71.1		*********		
Milk	244,300	1,715,800	. 23,100	166,600	12 700	2,162,500	40.0
Eggs	89,400		124,800	57,900	4,700	463,900	8.6
Beef	16,100		5,500	10,040	52,100	144,000	2.7
Pork	6,700	50,700	1,850		2,500	61,750	1.1
Lamb & mutton		240	440	984228	5,500	6,180	0.1
Poultry meat	4,240	7,290	11,600	2,320	300	25,750	0.5
Reindeer meat		1		1000	180;000	180,000	3.3
Wool :		160	950		48,300	49,410	0.9
					00051		Name of the last
COMMERCIAL VEGE							
Potatoes	286,550	381,200	42,650	1,200	2,000	713,600	13.2
Lettuce	3,150	75,150				78,300	. 1.5
Carrots	2,750	43,350	30 3	55 55	~~~	46,100	0.9
Cabbage	12,400	18,200	400	7000 3-	2_	31,000	0.6
Celery	3,500	7,950				11,450	0.2
Radishes	720	11,400			MOS	12,120	0.2
Other	6,680	8,250	880	300	400	16,510.	
GRAIN & ROUGHAGE	7						
Dats	18,300	97,700	2,900			118,900	2.2
Barley	40,300	145,300	4,000	~~		189,600	3.5
Other grain	1,750	1,150		000,5-	DOE	2,900	*
Grain hay	37,500	51,350	7,150	000,44	TES-E	96,000	1.8
Grain silage	63,250	277,200	14,600	6,000	7,200	368,250	6.8
Straw	4,500	44,000	800	00		49,300	0.9
SEEDED GRASS							
	34						
lay	45,900	396,000	8,250	4,200	- la l	454,350	8.4
ilage	1,840	70,000	6,000	4,400		82,240	1.5
ATIVE GRASS		Partie, P. J. T.	outside 16				
ay'	4,900	3,000	15,000	5,500	2,000	30,400	0.6
ilage	3,200		1,000	4,100	1,000	11,900	0.6
			1,000	4,100	. 1,000	11,900	0.2
OTAL VALUE	897,950	3,655,330	271,870	262,560	318,700 5	5.406.410	100.0
					3.0,,00	, .00, 410	*0.05
ercent of		ar Lateran	OF FFE	EST-VI - I B	Contra and		
state total	16.6	67.6	5.0	4.9	5.9	100.0	

ALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION in Alaska in 1960 totaled \$5,406,410, up 8% from the omparable figure for 1959. Milk, up 15% over 1959, accounted for 40% of the total value f agricultural production in Alaska and exceeded by 2 1/3 times the value of all other ivestock and poultry products combined. Potatoes, up 21% from 1959, contributed 13% to ne total value of Alaska's agricultural production. Much of the increase in value of otatoes was due to a nearly three-fold production increase in the Tanana Valley where a evere early freeze in July drastically cut the 1959 production. Hay and silage, the ajor components of the dairy ration in Alaska, accounted for 20% of the total value of gricultural production in the State and showed a 3% increase over the previous year.

ee Table I for a more complete description of the areas shown in the column headings. Included with Kodiak are the smaller islands of southwest Alaska and a very few scattered arms in isolated locations outside of the other areas. Most of the farms or ranches in his general group have large acreages of land leased from the Bureau of Land Management.

Commodity U	nit	Tanana	Matanuska	Kenai	Southeast Alaska	Kodiak	Total	% of duct
Andread Control of the Control of th								
LIVESTOCK & POU:		DUCTS	100 A 1 L L	118	-1 -1-	000	707 020	- 11
Milk	cwt .	21,000	153,700	670	14,740	920	191,030	
	doz	91,700	210,300	140,600	71,400	4,400	518,400	1, 100
Beef	lbs	27,000	130,800	9,000	21,200	116,600	304,600	
Pork	11	12,800	123,800	3,600		4,500	144,700	10 10
Lamb & mutton	11		300	500		8,000	8,800	
Poultry meat	11	7,000	9,600	15,800	4,400	200		The state of the
Reindeer meat	Ħ		and the	32		330,000	330,000	(5 (Ship))
Wool	11.		400	2,400	14. J	122,000	124,800	T
		. V.						
COMMERCIAL VEGES	TABLES			- 445				
Potatoes	cwt .	39,950	65,150	6,250	100	100	111,550	172
Lettuce	11	200	6,020			1900	6,220	10
Carrots	11	240	4,300				4,540	
Cabbage	11	920	2,250	40			3,210	
Celery	11	5710	620				860	
Radishes	11	20	460				480	10
Other	11	440	690	80	30	40	1,280	10
1 1								
GRAIN & ROUGHAGI	E			1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1				11.41
Oats	11	500	8,000			W	8,500	31
Barley :	.11.	3,200	11,700	300	·	133 T	15,200	3
Grain hay	ton	125	170	200 mm -1	19252 -	10 11 m -	295	2
Grain silage	11		80	100	1000,700-	Far	80	377-1
Straw	tt	30	400				430	3.
		31.4			1 11 12			
SEEDED GRASS								
Hay	11	50	710				760	1

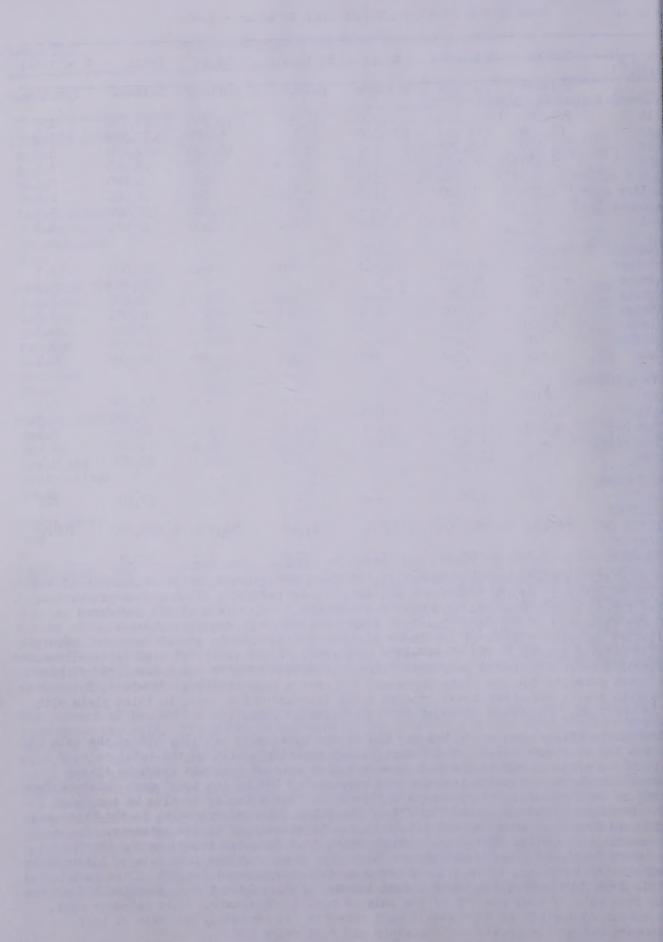
COMMODITIES SOLD: The three major sources of income for Alaska farmers from the sale of their 1960 products showed substantial increases in volume of these commodities sold. Volume of milk sold, which accounts for over half of the source of agricultural income Alaska, increased 21% over 1959. The tonnage of potatoes for sale increased 8% while the number of eggs sold by Alaska producers increased by 4%. The volume of wool shorn in 19 for sale increased by 6%. Decreases from 1959 in volume of all other commodities in 190 occured as follows: Pork 24%, Poultry meat 20%, Lamb and mutton 3% and less than 1% decrease in beef sold. The combined tonnage of all commercial vegetables other than potatelined 6% in quantity sold.

The percent of production sold varies greatly by commodities. In the case of milk 95% production was sold. The other 5% was used in the household by the farm families product the milk or used as feed for calves and pigs. Two percent of the eggs produced, 15% of beef, 4% of the pork, 28% of the lamb and mutton, and 33% of the poultry meat was used farms where produced. Eskimos and others who work with the reindeer in western Alaska 27% of the reindeer meat produced. In the case of potatoes, 85% of the total production was estimated as sold or to be sold. The other 15% represented the amount used by the ducer for his own seed or household, and quantities lost through shrinkage or decay. For lettuce, radishes and other minor vegetables marketed directly as fresh vegetables only marketable quantities were recorded in the production figure while in the case of carrocabbage and celery considerable amounts were lost through shrinkage, decay and graded control of the case of grain, hay and silage sold by farmers usually were purchase farmers, mostly dairymen for feed. Some of the oats and barley was sold for seed.

rce of	Tanana	Matanuska	Kenai	Southeast	Kodiak	Total	% of Total
ESTOCK & PO	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Percent
lk gs ei rk mb & muttor ultry meat indeer meat	229,500 87;100 11,350 5,750 3,850	1,675,300 183,000 50,250 49,500 180 4,320	5,700 122,300 3,500 1,450 280 7,110	156,700 57,100 8,280 1,760	10,900 4,400 48,620 2,250 4,000 100 132,000 48,300	2,078,100 453,900 122,270 58,950 4,460 17,140 132,000 49,410	51.5 11.2 3.0 1.5 0.1 0.4 3.3 1.2
MERCIAL VEC tatoes ituce rrots bbage lery dishes her	286,550 3,150 2,750 12,400 3,500 720 6,680	381,200 75,150 43,350 18,200 7,950 11,400 8,250	42,650 400 880	600	1,000	712,000 78,300 46,100 31,000 11,450 12,120 16,510	17.7 1.9 1.1 0.8 0.3 0.3
IN & ROUGHA to rley ain hay ain silage raw	2,600 16,100 9,380	40,700 54,400 11,050 1,600 16,000	1,400			43,300 71,900 20,430 1,600 17,350	1.1 1,8 0.5 0.1 0.4
GED GRASS	4,250	53,250	3350 -	116,500 - 5	370	57,500	1.4
YE FARM EMPTS	686,980	2,685,480	186,620	224,740	251,970	4,035,790	100.0
sent of be Total	17.0	66.6	4.5	5.6	. 6.2	100.0	

RECEIPTS to producers from marketings of the 1960 agricultural production in Alaska Ted \$4,035,790, up 17% from the comparable figure for 1959. Income from production fur farms, greenhouses and nurseries are excluded. Sales from Alaska fur farms in) are estimated at \$31,000. The 1959 Alaska Census of Agriculture shows sale of stables and plants grown either under glass or in the open in greenhouses and nurseries 1959 totaled \$41,391. The three major components of the total value of sales all showed stantial increases over a year ago. Income from sale of milk which was $51\frac{1}{2}\%$ of the clash receipts for the State increased 17% over a year earlier. Potatoes, in second the with nearly 18% of the total, showed a 23% increase while eggs, in third place with of the total, increased 7% above the 1959 value of sales.

Matanuska Valley area accounted for 81% of the total sale of milk, 40% of the sale of and 54% of potato sales. The Tanana Valley contributed 11% to the total sale of , 19% to eggs and 40% to the cash receipts from sale of potatoes grown by Alaska ers. These three commodities combined represented 83% of the total cash receipts from ing in the Matanuska Valley area and 88% of the Tanana Valley total. On the Kenai mula sale of eggs accounted for 27% of the total value of egg sales in the State and farmers from that area contributed 6% to the total sale of Alaska potatoes. These commodities supplied 88% of the cash receipts from farm marketings on the Kenai mula. Southeast Alaska contributed 8% to the total receipts from sale of Alaska milk 15% to the total egg sales. These two commodities accounted for 95% of the cash ipts from farm marketings in Southeast Alaska. Kodiak Island area supplied 40% of the me from sale of beef and 98% of the sale of wool in the State. When reindeer meat, h accounted for 52% of this area s cash receipts is excluded, the sale of beef esented 41% of the area's cash receipts and wool sales 40%.



Livestock Class	Tanana	Matanuska	Kenai	Southeast	Kodiak	Total
C A MINIT TO	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head
CATTIE Milk cows 2 yrs. & over Milk heifers 1-2 yrs. Milk heifer calves Beef cows 2 yrs. & over Beef heifers 1-2 yrs All other calves Steers 1 yr. & over All bulls	340 80 80 30 10 50 10	2,140 490 320 20 10 100 30 40	40 20 20 60 20 50 10	210 40 10 40 20 20 20 10	40 10 20 1,200 370 680 550 80	2,770 640 450 1,350 430 900 620 160
TOTAL CATTLE AND CALVES	620	3,150	230	370	2,950	7,320
SHEEP Ewes 1 yr. & over Ewe lambs Wether & ram lambs Wethers & rams over 1 yr.	17%	20 10 10 10	200 50 30 10		5,880 1,840 1,760 5,180	6,100 1,900 1,800 5,200
TOTAL SHEEP AND LAMBS		50	290		14,660	15,000
Hogs 6 mm. & over Pigs under 6 mm.	70 40	450 320	30 30	· 	10 50	560 440
TOTAL HOGS	110	770	60		60	1,000
CHICKENS Hens Pullets for layers All other chickens	2,180 2,790 30	11,200 6,100 180	8,370 4,650 260	4,800 1,260 20	50 300 10	26,600 15,100 500
TOTAL CHICKENS	5,000	17,480	13,280	6,080	360	42,200

CATTLE AND CALVES: All cattle and calves in Alaska on January 1, 1961 totaled 7,320 head, an increase of 10% over the number a year earlier as estimated by the Alaska Division of Agriculture. This is the largest inventory of cattle and calves since the estimating of numbers on farms on January 1 was initiated by the Alaska Agricultural Experiment Station and the Alaska Division of Agriculture in 1953. Most of this increase occured in the number of milk cows 2 yrs. old and over which totaled 2,770, up 26% from a year earlier. Much of the increase in milk cow numbers resulted from importation of 562 into the Tanana and Matanuska Valleys during the summer and fall of 1960. Approximately 77% of the milk cows are in the Matanuska area, 12% in the Tanana Valley and 8% in Southeast Alaska. The number of all cattle and calves as a percent of the State total shows 9% in the Tanana Valley, 43% in the Matanuska area, 3% on the Kenai Peninsula, 5% in Southeast Alaska and 40% in the Kodiak area.

Sheep: All sheep and lambs on farms January 1, 1961 totaled 15,000 head, up 11% from a year ago. Approximately 98% of them are on the islands in the Southwest part of the State, the most important being Umnak and Unalaska islands in the Aleutians. The bulk of the sheep are kept for wool production with very few gold for slaughter.

HOUS: An estimated 1,000 hogs of all ages were on farms in Alaska on January 1, 1961, down 25% from a year earlier. Seventy seven percent of the total hogs were in the Matanuska area.

CHICKENS: A total of 42,200 chickens were on farms January 1, 1961 down 11% from a year ago. A few egg producers sold out in 1960. The Matanuska area which includes the Matanuska and lower Susitna Valleys and the Anchorage area had 41% of the State's laying flock followed by 31% on the Kenai Peninsula, 15% in Southeast Alaska, 12% in the Tanana Valley and 1% in the Kodiak area.

Livestock	Tanana	Matanuska	Kenai	Southeast	Kodiak	Total
Class	Day			,		
CATTLE	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Milk cows 2 yrs. & over	136,000	856,000	71, 000	72.500	71. 000	7 002 500
Milk heifers 1-2 yrs.	16,000	98,000	14,000	73,500	14,000	1,093,500
Milk heifer calves	6,800	27,200	1,700	6,000	1,500	124,500 38,000
Beef cows 2 yrs, & over	6,600	4,400	13,200	10,000	300,000	334,200
Reef heifers 1-2 yrs.	1,500	1,500	3,000	3,400	62,900	72,300
All other calves	2,500	5,000	2,500	1,500	51,000	62,500
Steers 1 yrs. & over	1,400	4,200	1,400	3,200	88,000	98,200
All bulls	10,000	20,000	5,000	5,000	36,000	76,000
TOTAL CATTLE AND CALVES	180,800	1,016,300	43,800	103,400	554,900	1,899,200
SHEEP						100
Ewes 1 yr, & over	015 MH	800	8,000		176,400	185,200
Ewe lambs		300	1,200		36,800	38,300
Wether & ram lambs		200	700		31,700	32,600
Wethers & rams over 1 y	r	500	500	100	129,500	130,500
TOTAL SHEEP AND LAMBS		1,800	10,400		374,400	386,600
HOGS						0. 15/0
Hogs 6 mo. & over	4,200	24,800	1,600		600	31,200
Pigs under 6 mo.	1,400	9,600	900		1,800	13,700
TOTAL HOGS	5,600	34,400	2,500		2,400	44,900
CHICKENS						-
Hens	4,800	22,400	16,700	9,600	100	53,600
Pullets for layers &	5,600	11,000	8,500	2,200	600	27,900
other chickens	30 100	22 1 26	05 000	77 000	1 1 1 1 1 1	07 500
TOTAL CHICKENS	10,400	33,400	25,200	11,800	700	81,500
TOTAL VALUE BY AREA	196,800	1,085,900	81,900	115,200	932,400	2,412,200
Percent of State total	8.7	45.0	3.11	11.8	38.7	100.0

CATTLE AND CALVES: As of January 1, 1961 the estimated total value of the cattle and calfinventory was \$1,899,200 or 79% of the total value of all livestock and poultry. Milk cows 2 years old and over valued at \$1,093,500 accounted for 58% of the valuation of all cattle and calves and 45% of the total value of all livestock and poultry in the State in Jan. 1, 1961. The estimated inventory values for milk cows by area shows the Matanuska area leads with 78% of the State's total followed by 13% in the Tanana Valley, 7% in Southeast and 1% in both the Kenai Peninsula and the Kodiak area. In value of beef cows the Kodiak area leads with 90% of the State's total followed by Kenai Peninsula with 4%. Southeast with 3%, Tanana Valley with 2% and the Matanuska area with 1%.

SHEEP: The total inventory value of sheep and lambs on farms Jan. 1, 1961 was estimated at \$386,600 or 16% of the valuation of all livestock and poultry. The Kodiak area had 97% of the value of all sheep and lambs in the State.

HOGS: The Jan. 1, 1961 inventory value of hogs of all ages in Alaska was \$44,900 or \$75 of the value of all livestock and poultry. The Matanuska area hog inventory totaled \$34,400 or 77% of the State's total followed by 12% in the Tanana Valley, 6% on the Kenai Peninsula and 5% in the Kodiak Island area. There were no hogs in Southeast Alaska. CHICKENS: on farms in Alaska January 1, 1961 were valued at \$81,500 or 3% of the total livestock and poultry inventory value. The Matanuska area accounted for 41% of the State's chicken inventory value followed by 31% on the Kenai Peninsula, 11% in Southease Alaska, 13% in the Tanana Valley and 1% in the Kodiak area.

:	Tanana	Matanuska	Kenai	Southeast	Kodiak	Total
CROPS PLANTED	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Feed Crops	• •	18		11177		F = 1
Oats (The contract of	620	2,020	. 200	30	130	3,000
Barley	780	1,760	60	-		2,600
Other grains	40	20				60
Grain mixtures	640	2,480	100	60	20	3,300
Commercial vegetables	• •					
Potatoes	300	384	50	. 3	· ·3	740
Lettuce	4	. 61	. 1	*	: *	66
Carrots	. 5	. 45	· · *		427 - 1 <u>-1-</u> 1	50
Cabbage	16	. 30	1	, 244 - 444	· **	47
Celery	. 5	14	1		and the second	7
Radishes	1	· 19	· *			·. 20
Other vegetables	, 6	. 22	2	*	***	. 30
Total Planted	2,414	6,845	415	93	153	9,920
RASSLAND HARVESTED					.*	
Seeded grass	- 380	4,040	170	110		4,700
Native grass	130	110	280	330	50	900
DTAL IN CROPS	2,924	10,995	. 865	· · 533	203	15,520

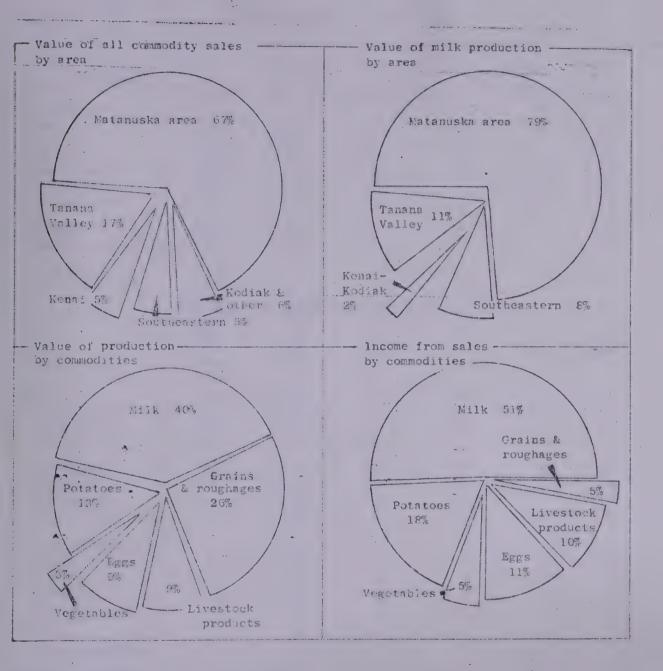
Cropland Utilization: Weatherwise, the spring of 1960 was generally favorable for preparation of seed beds and planting of all crops. Record high temperatures were recorded the last of April and on a few days in May in the Railbelt, where temperatures averaged from 3° to 6° above normal. Precipitation in the Matanuska Valley occured as good showers throughout the month and totaled around 2" which was double the normal amount. Precipitation in the Tanana Valley was around a third of normal. Such a favorable sease contributed materially to an early germination and development of all spring seeded crop

Feed grains, including the grain mixtures of oats, and peas or vetch, accounted for 90% of the acreage planted. Seven percent of the total acreage planted in 1960 was potatoes and the other 3% consisted of commercial vegetables. When grasslands harvested for hay and silage are added to the planted feed grains, the total acreage devoted to production of feed crops in the State rose to 94% of the cropland for harvest.

Table VIII *	Table VIII * LAND UTILIZATION - ALL CLASSES OF LAND								
	1 7		•		Alaska	Kodiak			
Tanana	Matanuska	Kenai	Southeast	Kodiak	Total	Excluded			
Number of farms 77	176	.58-	: 27	29	367	. 338			
Land in farms 13,606	39,715	6,623	2,623	804,764	867,331	62,567			
Avg. size of farm 177	226	114 .		< 27,750	2,363	185			
Cropland hystd. 2,559	10,369	569	348	497	14,342	13,845			
Cropland pasture · 315	1,221	543	292	1,994		2,371			
Idle cropland 1,678	2,359	904	· 23	308	5,272	4,964			
Woodland pastured 353	2,029	588	211	39,105	42,286	3,181			
Other woodland 6,075	18,791 .	2,202	333	40,639	68,040	27,401			
Other pasture 328	1,854	553 ~	982	499,213	502,930	3,717			
Land cleared	•••			1,119					
since 1950 3,221	5,242	737	59	379	9,638	9,259			
Woodland suitable									
for clearing 5,378	12,691	2,010	320	7-25	21,124	20,399			

* Consus of Alaska Agriculture by Areas - 1960, Census Bureau, U. S. Dept. of Commerce





after five days return to
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Statistical Reporting Service
7 Box 1737, Palmer, Alaska

Postage and Fees Paid U. S. Department of Agriculture

OFFICIAL BUSINESS



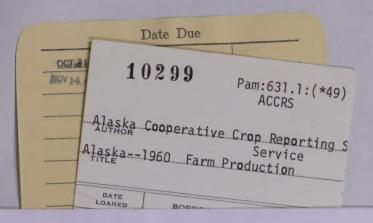
							-
Grops Harvested	Tanana	Matanuska	Kenai	Southeast	Kodiak	Total	
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	
Cats Oats Barley Other grains Grain mixtures Seeded grass Native grass	580 700 30 620 380 130	1,920 1,650 10 2,440 4,040	170 50 90 170 280	20 40 110 330	110 10 50	2,800 2,400 40 3,200 4,700 900	
POTATOES COMMERCIAL VEGETAR	296 BLES 25	378 145	50 3	3 *	3 *	730 173	
TOTAL HARVESTED	2,761	10,693	813	503	173	14,943	
	UTILIZATI	ON OF ACRES H	ARVESTED :	BY AREAS - 19	60		
FOR GRAIN Oats Barley Other grains	220 650 30	1,130 1,600 10	50 50 		= = =	1,400 2,300 40	
ALL HAY Grain mixtures Seeded grass Native grass	820 380 360 80	3,700 650 3,000 50	420 70 90 260	230 50 180	30 30	5,200 1,100 3,500 600	
ALL SILAGE Grain mixtures Seeded grass Nativo grass	720 650 20 50	3,730 2,630 1,040 60	20 20 240 240	270 60 60 150	140 120 20	5,100 3,600 1,200 300	
VEGETABLE CROPS Potatoes Lettuce Carrots Cabbage Radishos Celery Other vegetables	224 3 2 12 1 2 5	378 46 41 19 15 4 20	50 * 1 * 2	3	3 * *	730 49 43 32 16 6 27	
TOTAL HARVESTED	2,761	10,693	813	503	173	14,943	

^{*} Less than 1 acre

A VERY FAVORABLE SEASON contributed to a full harvest of small grains, potatoes and forage crops. The unusually long growing season matured practically all the small grain intended for harvest as grain. Quality of the grains was fairly good although a very wet September in the Railbelt delayed harvest and caused a high moisture content in grains. Test weight on a considerable amount of the barley was low but on much of the oats was high. Most of the grain had to be dried before storing. Harvest of the potato crop started around the first of September and was completed in the Tanana Valley by September 25th just ahead of the first severe freeze. In the Matanuska area the heavy freeze did not come until mid-October and all potatoes were harvested by then. Very good yields were obtained on most crops. Yields of the different crops by areas can be determined by dividing production of each crop shown in Table I by the acreage harvested for that crop shown in Table IX, above.

STAR I HALL DESK W.

in the state of the tenth of the continued to a feel names of sould produce the continued of the continued o



University of Alberta Library
0 1620 0336 7990